

Frequency Response Analysis (FRA)

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{Ts+1} \quad \text{First-order transfer function}$$

K – Gain; T – Time constant

Harmonic Input $x(t) = X \sin \omega t$

X – Amplitude (m) ; ω - frequency (rad/sec)

Transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = G(s)$

Steady-state response: Output

$$y_{ss}(t) = X|G(j\omega)|\sin(\omega t + \varphi)$$

$$s = j\omega; j = \sqrt{-1};$$

$|G(j\omega)|$ – Magnitude of $(j\omega)$; φ –Phase of $G(j\omega)$

$$|G(j\omega)| = \sqrt{Re^2(\omega) + Im^2(\omega)}$$

$$\varphi = \tan^{-1} \frac{Im(\omega)}{Re(\omega)}$$

$Re(\omega)$ –Real part of $G(j\omega)$; $Im(\omega)$ – Imaginary part of $G(j\omega)$

Example

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{0.2s + 1}$$

Case I Harmonic Input $x(t) = 1 \sin 2 t$ m

Case II Harmonic Input $x(t) = 1 \sin 5 t$ m

Case III Harmonic Input $x(t) = 1 \sin 10 t$ m

Case I $s = j\omega$

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{1}{0.2j\omega + 1}$$

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + j0.2\omega} \times \frac{(1 - j0.2\omega)}{(1 - j0.2\omega)}$$

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{1 - j0.2\omega}{1 + 0.04\omega^2} = \frac{1}{1 + 0.04\omega^2} - j \frac{0.2\omega}{1 + 0.04\omega^2}$$

Thus, $Re(\omega) = \frac{1}{1+0.04\omega^2}$; $Im(\omega) = -\frac{0.2\omega}{1+0.04\omega^2}$

For case I ; input as: $x(t) = 1 \sin 2 t$ m

$X = 1$ m, $\omega = 2$ rad/sec

$$Re(\omega) = \frac{1}{1+0.04(2)^2} = 0.862;$$

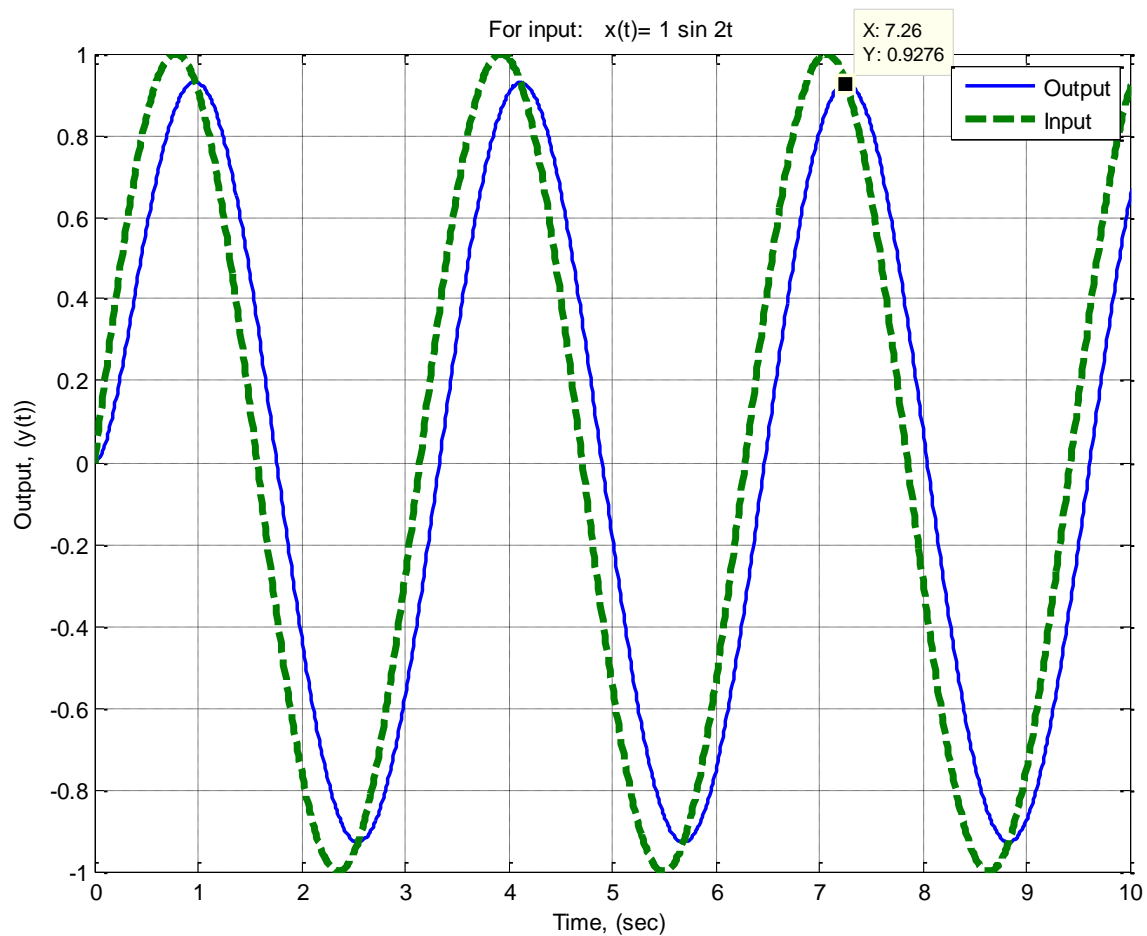
$$Im(\omega) = -\frac{0.2(2)}{1 + 0.04(2)^2} = -0.345$$

$$|G(j\omega)| = \sqrt{(0.862)^2 + (-0.345)^2} = 0.928$$

$$\varphi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\text{Im}(\omega)}{\text{Re}(\omega)} = \tan^{-1} \frac{(-0.1724)}{(0.862)} = -21.81 \text{ degree}$$

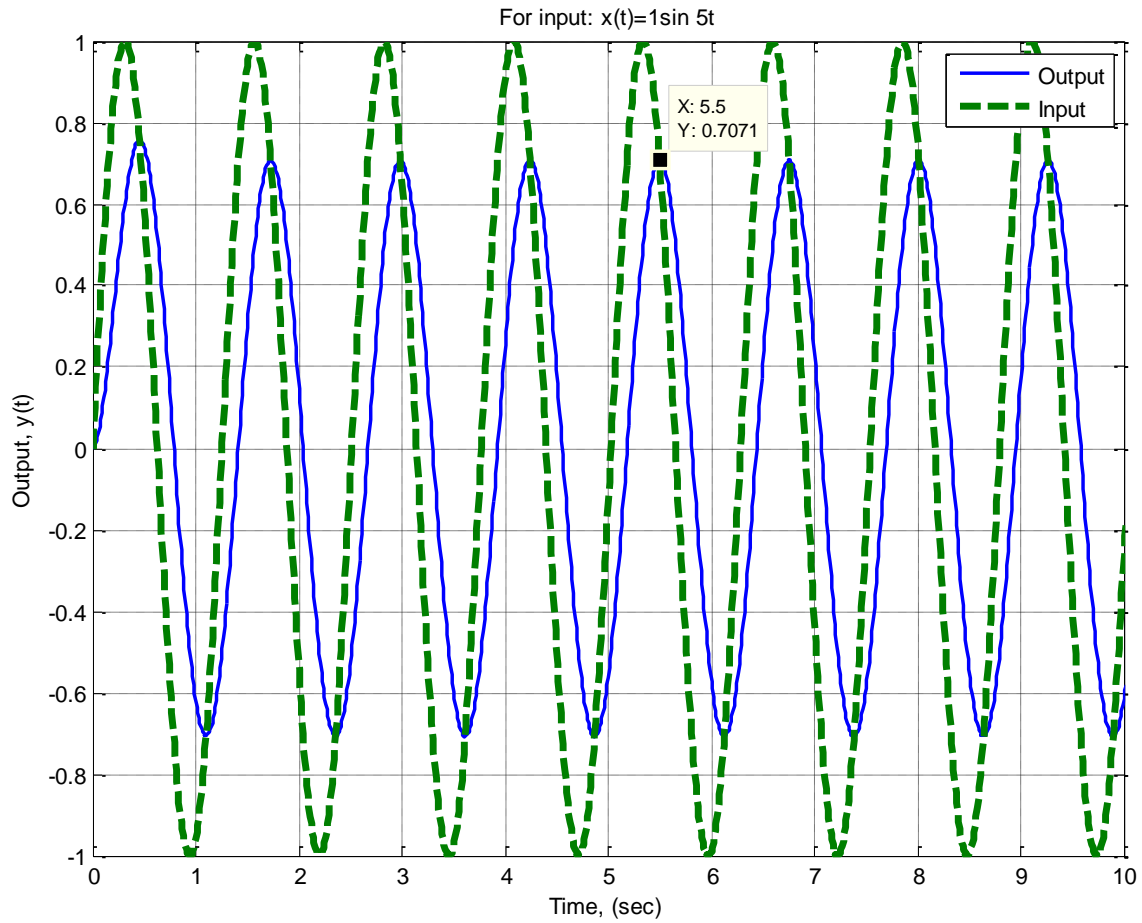
Steady-state response: Output

$$y_{ss}(t) = X|G(j\omega)|\sin(\omega t + \varphi) = 1(0.928)\sin(2t - 21.81^\circ) \text{ m}$$



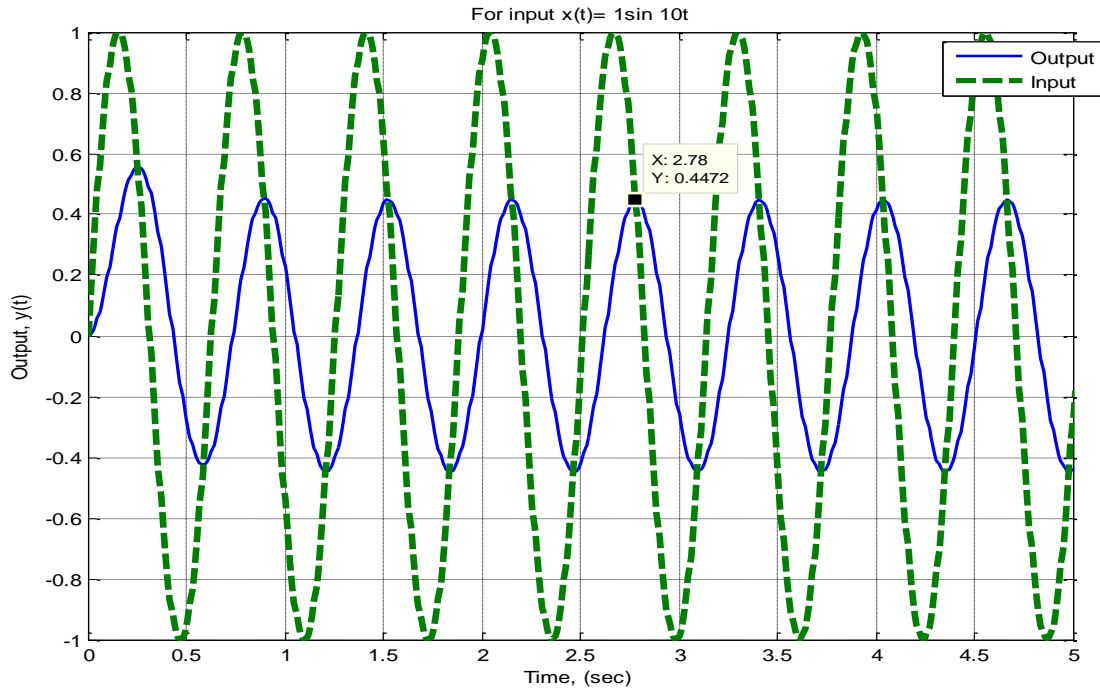
For case II ; Input $x(t) = 1 \sin 5 t$ m

$X = 1$ m, $\omega = 5$ rad/sec

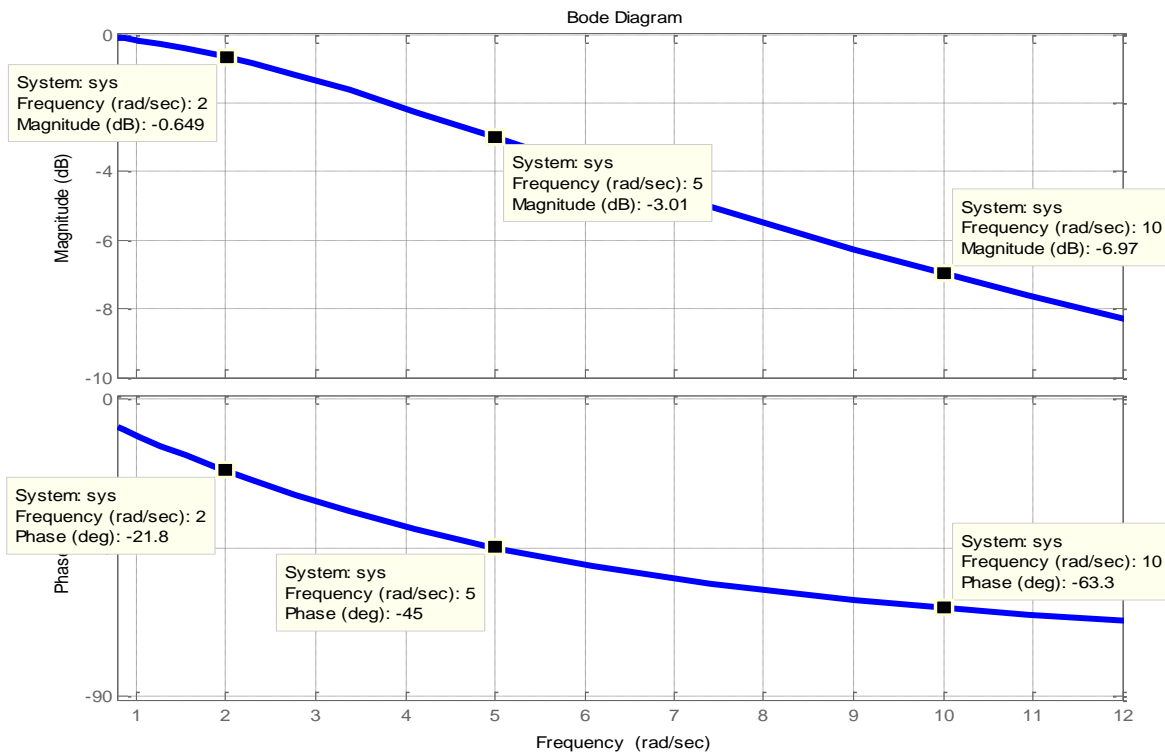


For case III ; Input $x(t) = 1 \sin 10 t$ m

X= 1 m, $\omega = 10$ rad/sec



Linear scale $G(s) = \frac{1}{0.2s+1}$



<u>Frequency,(rad/sec)</u>	2	5	10
<u>Amplitude, (m)</u>	0.928	0.707	0.447
<u>Amplitude, (dB)</u>	-0.649	-3.01	-6.99
20log(Amp)			
<u>Phase, degree</u>	-21.8	-45	-63.43

Logarithm scale $G(s) = \frac{1}{0.2s+1}$

