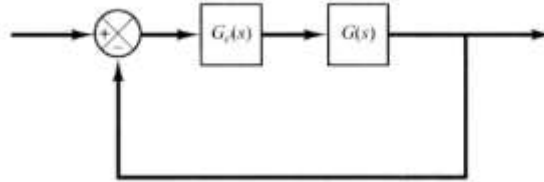


## Control System Design: Lead Compensator

### Control system diagram in unity feedback



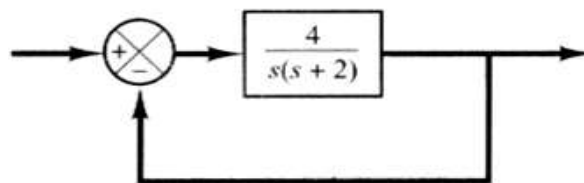
$G_c(s)$  – Compensator / Controller;  $G(s)$  – Plant / Transfer function

Lead compensation techniques based on the frequency response approach

Lead compensator transfer function

$$G_c(s) = K_c \alpha \frac{Ts + 1}{\alpha Ts + 1} = K_c \frac{s + 1/T}{s + 1/\alpha T}; \quad 0 < \alpha < 1$$

**Example** Lead design; Desired system is  $K_v$  of  $20 \text{ sec}^{-1}$ , PM is at least  $50^\circ$  and GM is at least 10 dB



Determine and analysis of previous information

Open-loop TF is

; Type \_\_\_\_\_

Closed-loop TF is

Closed-loop poles are \_\_\_\_\_

Bandwidth frequency ( $\omega_{BW}$ ) = \_\_\_\_\_ rad/sec

Gain margin(GM) = \_\_\_\_\_ dB; Phase margin(PM) = \_\_\_\_\_ degree

Static velocity error constant ( $K_v$ ) = \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{sec}^{-1}$

Settling time = \_\_\_\_\_ sec (5% error)

**Step I:** Determine total gain ( K ) of open-loop TF to satisfy the requirement on the given static velocity error constant (  $K_v$  ) = 20

$$K_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G_c(s) G(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \left( K_c \alpha \frac{Ts + 1}{\alpha Ts + 1} \right) \left( \frac{4}{(s + 2)s} \right) = 20$$

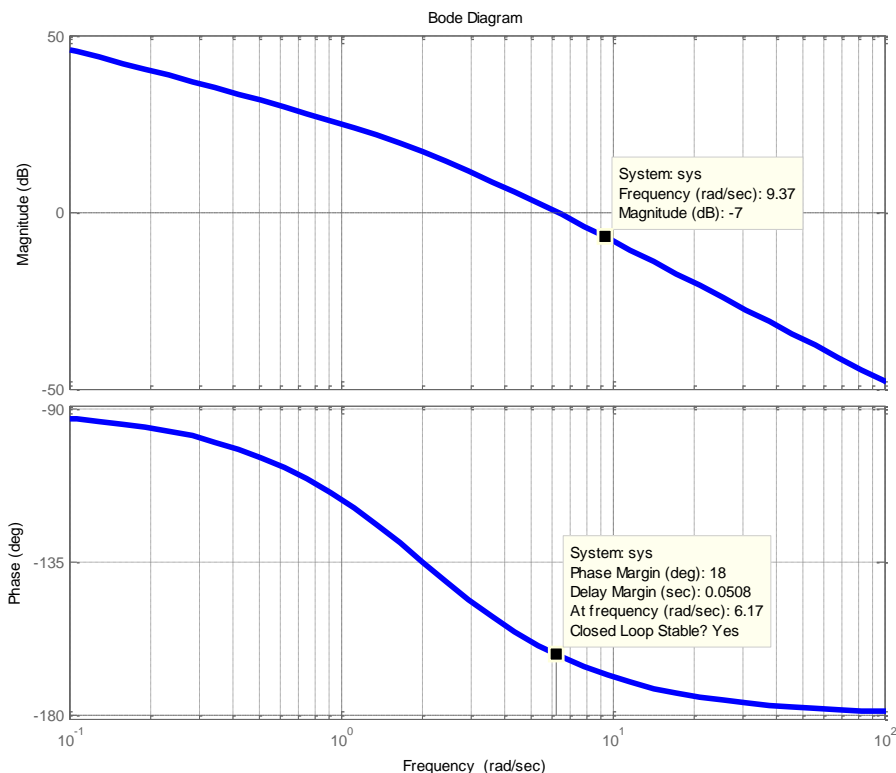
where  $K_c \alpha = K$ , thus

$$4K = 20(2) = 40 \rightarrow K = 10$$

New open-loop transfer function

$$G_0(s) = \frac{40}{(s + 2)s} = \frac{40}{s^2 + 2s}$$

**Step II:** Plot bode diagram of open-loop TF with new gain such as



Phase margin(PM)= 18 deg. at 6.17 rad/sec ; Gain margin(GM)=  $+\infty$  dB

**Step III:** Phase margin requirement is 50 deg. plus 10 deg. Total PM is 60 deg.

Now we have PM of 18 deg. and needs to add **42 deg.**

Step IV: Determine  $\alpha$ ,  $\sin \varphi_{max} = \frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}$

$$\sin 42^\circ = \frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}$$

$$\alpha = 0.198$$

Step V: From  $-20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha}} = -20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{0.198}} = -7.028 \text{ dB}$  at  $\omega_{max}$

Select  $\omega_{max}$  to be new phase crossover frequency at this frequency must be  $-7.028 \text{ dB}$ . At  $9.37 \text{ rad/sec}$  is  $\omega_{max}$

$$\omega_{max} = \frac{1}{T\sqrt{\alpha}} = 9.37 \text{ rad/sec}$$

Thus  $T = 0.16$ ;  $\alpha = 0.198$

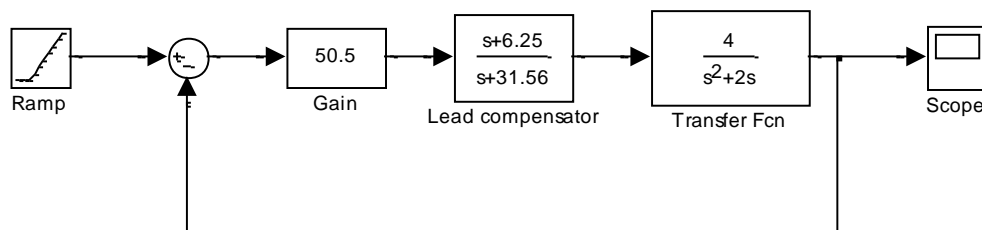
Now lead compensator is

$$G_c(s) = K_c \frac{s + 1/T}{s + 1/\alpha T} = K_c \left( \frac{s + 6.25}{s + 31.56} \right)$$

Step VI: Determine gain of lead compensator

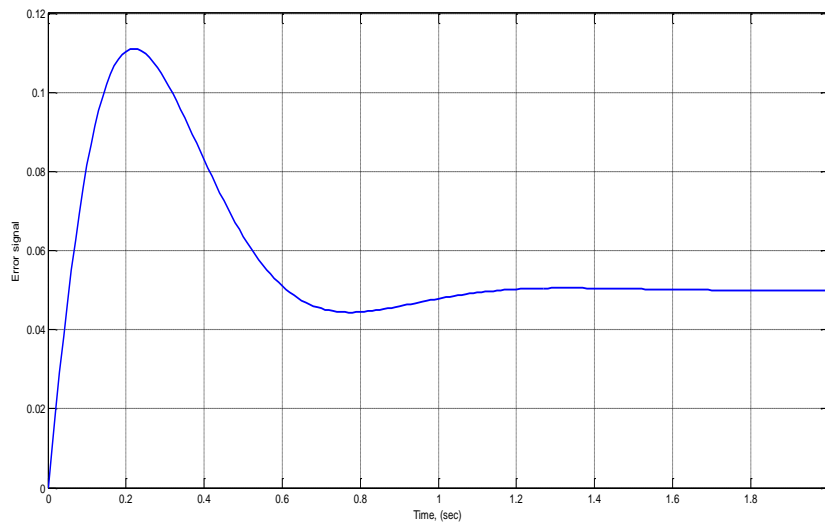
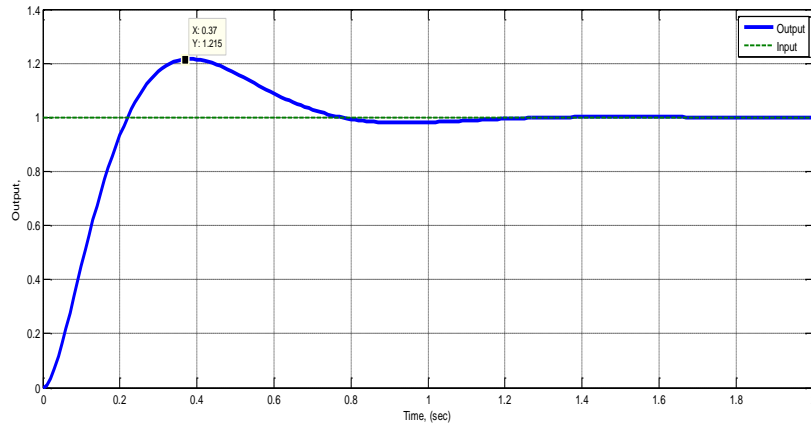
$$K_c \alpha = K = 10 \rightarrow K_c = 50.5$$

Now lead compensator is  $G_c(s) = 50.5 \left( \frac{s+6.25}{s+31.56} \right)$



**Check** steady state error for unit-ramp input relation with static velocity error constant and PM relation with damping ratio (% overshoot)

- Steady state error for unit-ramp input is 0.05 (Static velocity error constant is  $20 \text{ sec}^{-1}$ )
- % overshoot is 12.15 .....



Bode diagram of Open-loop TF  $G_c(s)G(s) = 50.5 \left( \frac{s+6.25}{s+31.56} \right) \left( \frac{4}{s(s+2)} \right)$

Phase margin(PM)= \_\_\_\_\_ deg. at \_\_\_\_\_ rad/sec ; Gain margin(GM)= \_\_\_\_\_ dB at \_\_\_\_\_ rad/sec